



# Enhanced data-driven decision support for highly invasive vectors

Christopher M. Barker

Department of Pathology, Microbiology, & Immunology  
School of Veterinary Medicine, UC Davis



# The Team

## UC Davis

- Marisa Donnelly, Courtney Shelley, Olivia Winokur, Diego Montecino, Andrew Provencio, Jody Simpson, Bill Reisen, Tom Scott, Chris Barker

## UC Riverside

- Darrel Jenerette, Lingyi Yang

## NASA Ames Research Center

- Forrest Melton, John Shupe

## Indiana Univ → Univ of Washington

- Robert Reiner

## Fondazione Edmund Mach

- Annapaola Rizzoli, Markus Neteler, Matteo Marcantonio, Gioia Capelli

## Mosquito & Vector Control Assoc of California

- Susanne Kluh, Wakoli Wekesa, Kenn Fujioka, Leonard Irby, Sarah Wheeler, Paula Macedo, other agencies

## California Department of Public Health

- Marco Metzger, Vicki Kramer, Kerry Padgett

## Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

- John-Paul Mutebi (Arboviral Diseases Branch)
- Roberto Barrera (Dengue Branch)

# Invasive “Container-Breeding” *Aedes* Mosquitoes



*Ae. albopictus*  
2011



*Ae. aegypti*  
2013



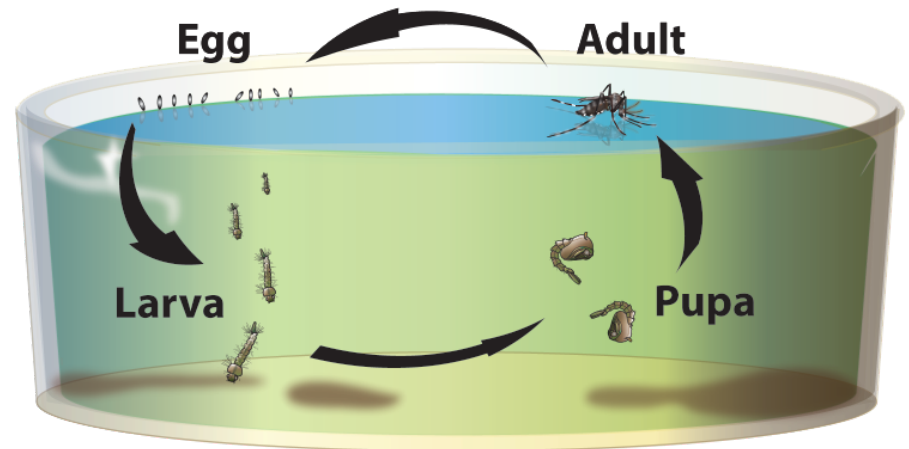
*Ae. notoscriptus*  
2014

# “Container-breeding” mosquitoes

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1/4 Inch



Sources: [www.glacvcd.org](http://www.glacvcd.org); ECDC, Guidelines for the surveillance of native mosquitoes in Europe, 2014



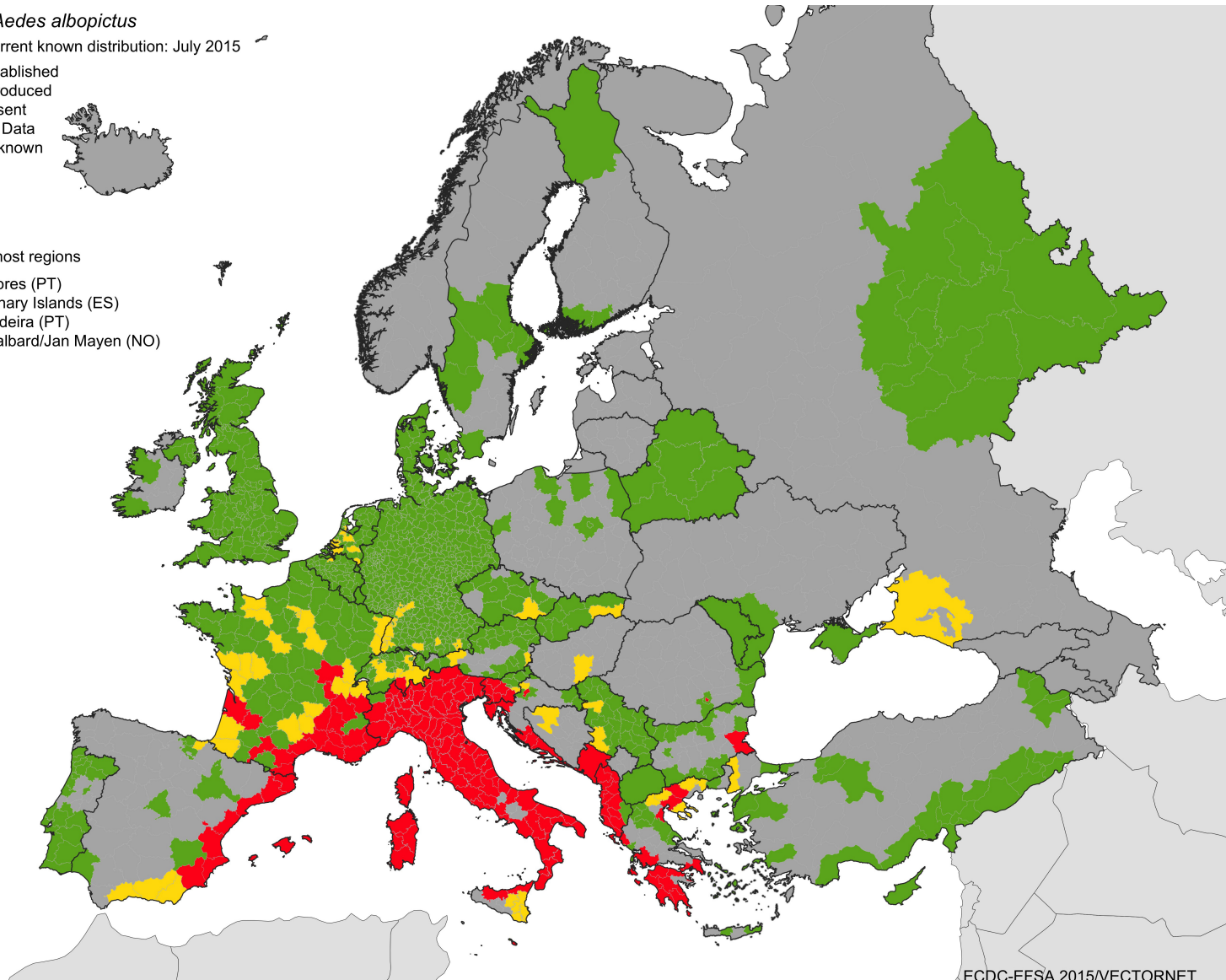
# *Aedes albopictus* spread in Europe

*Aedes albopictus*  
Current known distribution: July 2015

- Established
- Introduced
- Absent
- No Data
- Unknown

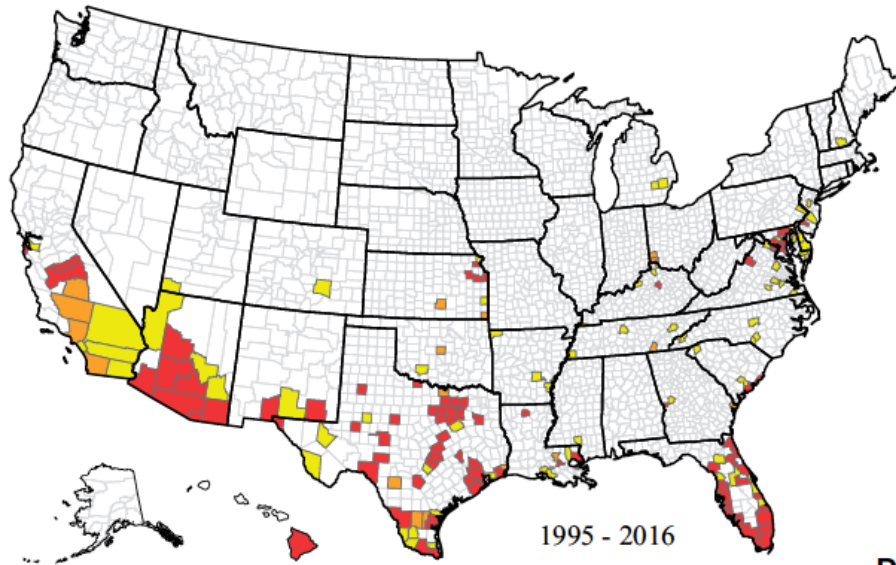
Outermost regions

- Azores (PT)
- Canary Islands (ES)
- Madeira (PT)
- Svalbard/Jan Mayen (NO)

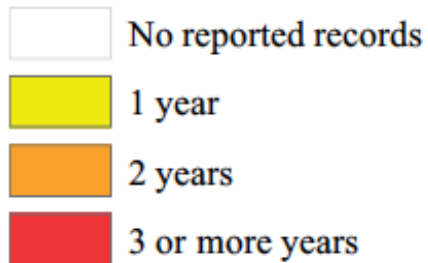


ECDC-EFSA 2015/VECTORNET

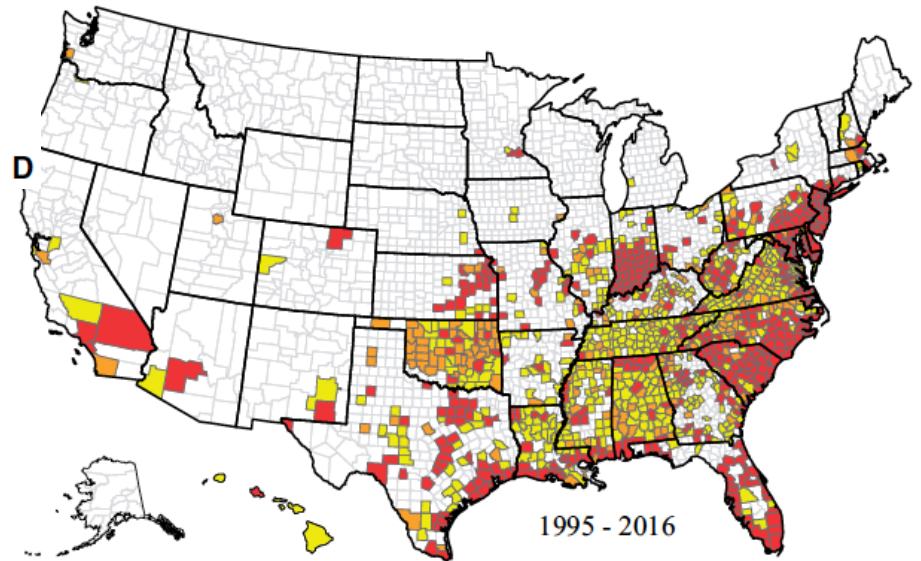
# *Aedes aegypti*



Number of years with at least one mosquito reported



# *Aedes albopictus*



D

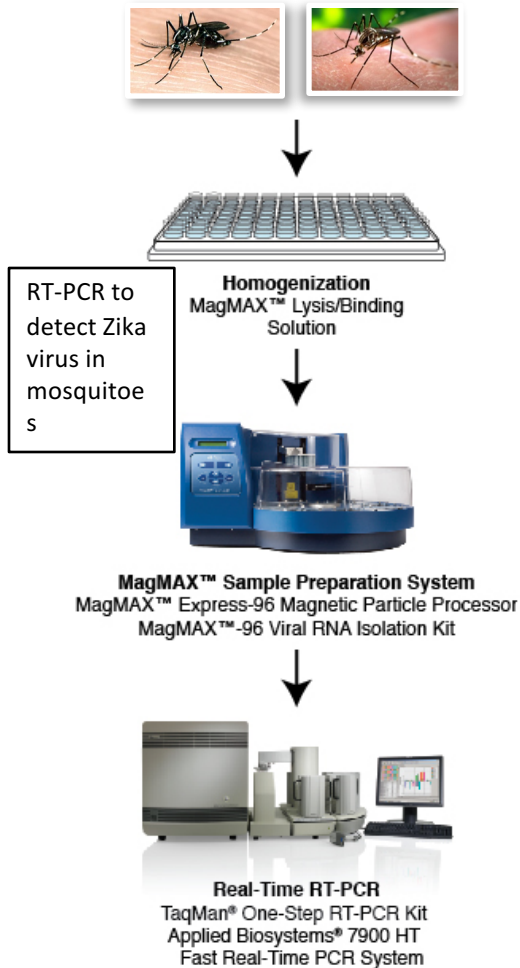
# Tracking the spread of Zika virus vectors (*Aedes aegypti* and *Aedes albopictus*)



**Egg-laying females**

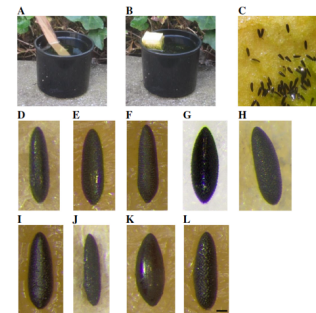


# Surveillance for Zika virus and invasive mosquitoes



## Viruses

- DENV
- CHIKV
- ZIKV
- WNV
- SLEV
- WEEV

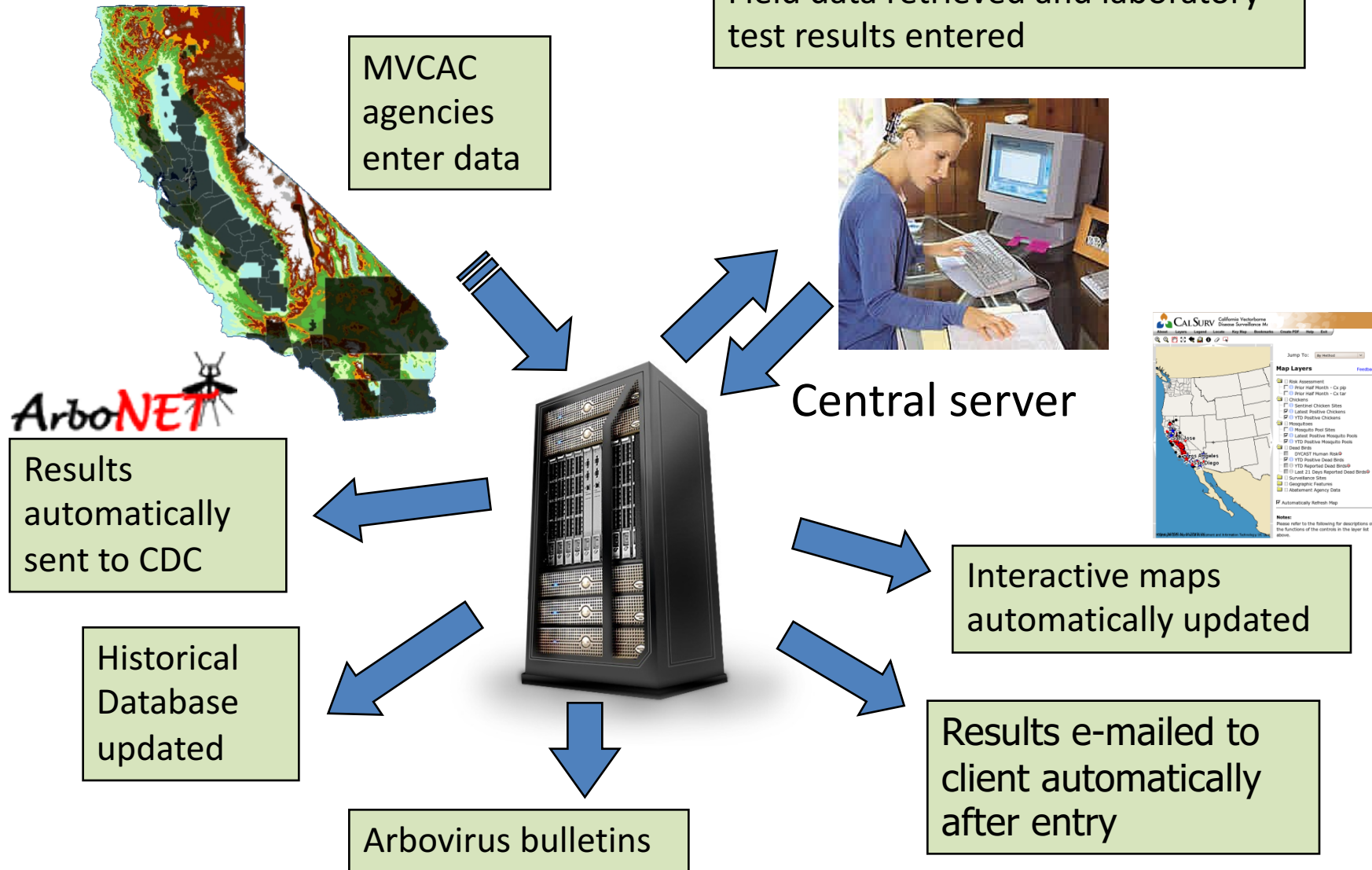


MALDI-TOF  
testing of  
Aedes eggs to  
identify species





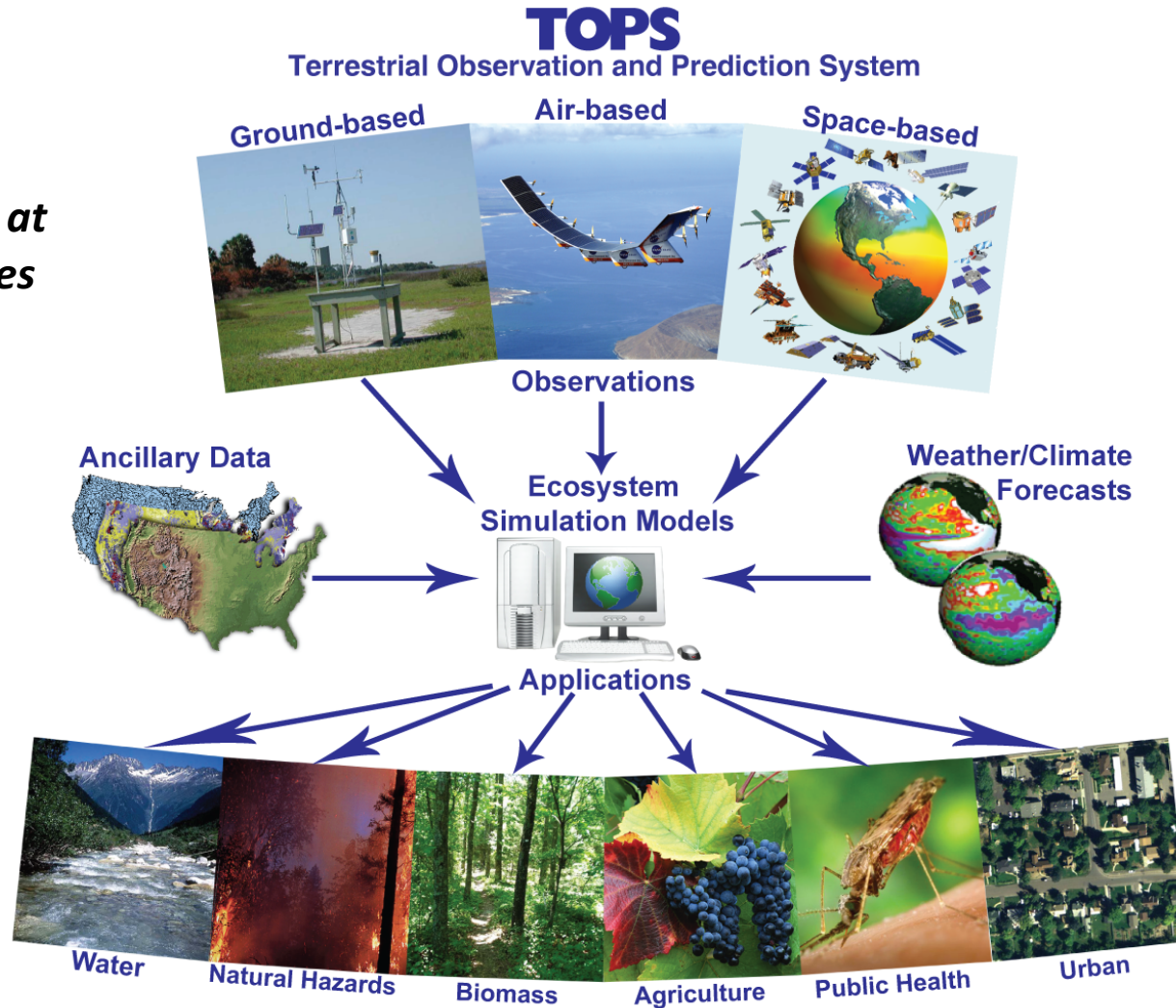
# Rapid Arbovirus Data Acquisition: CalSurv Gateway





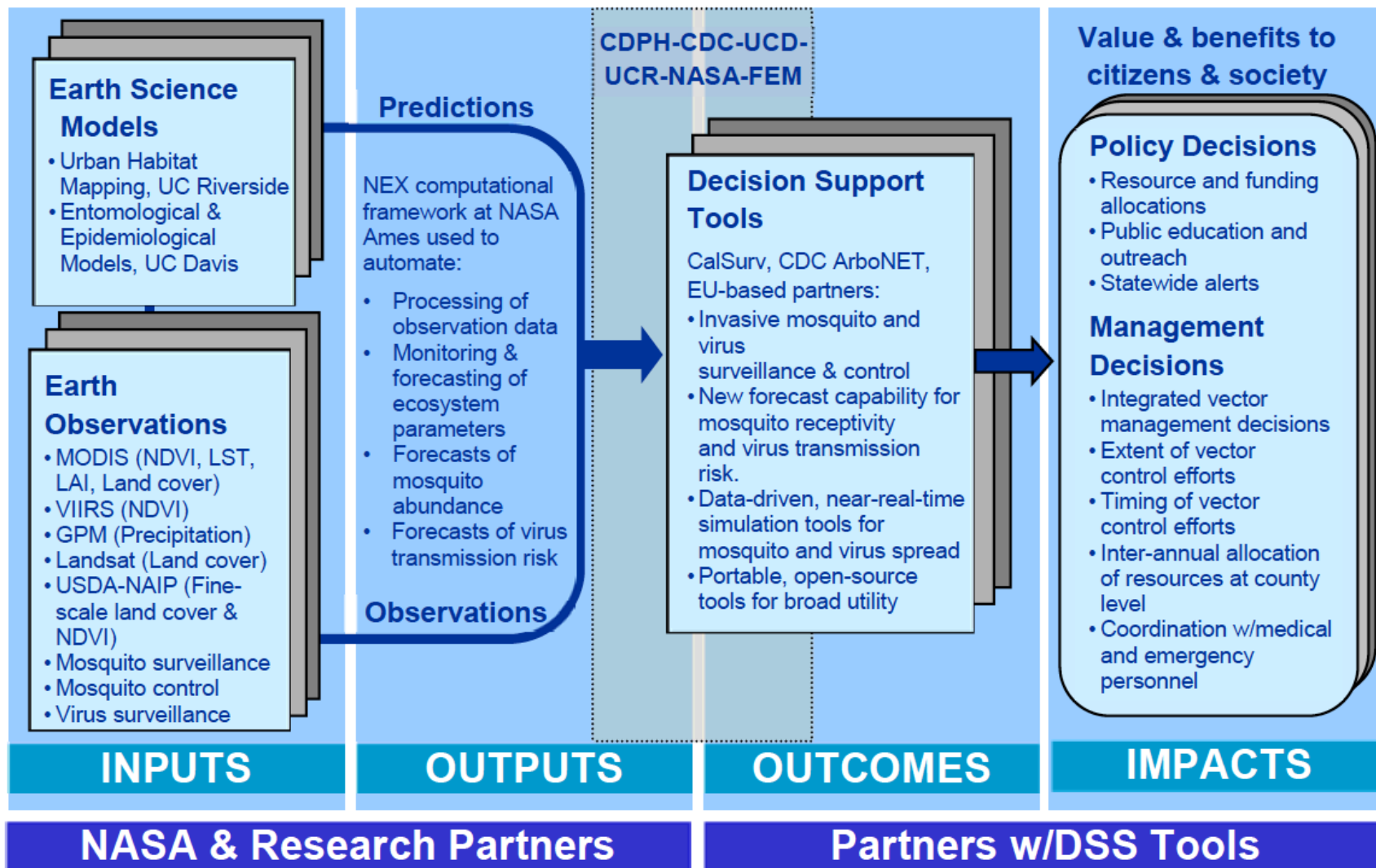
# TOPS: Common Modeling Framework

*Monitoring,  
modeling,  
& forecasting at  
multiple scales*



# Project Milestones

**Local→State→National→International: Integrated System Solutions**

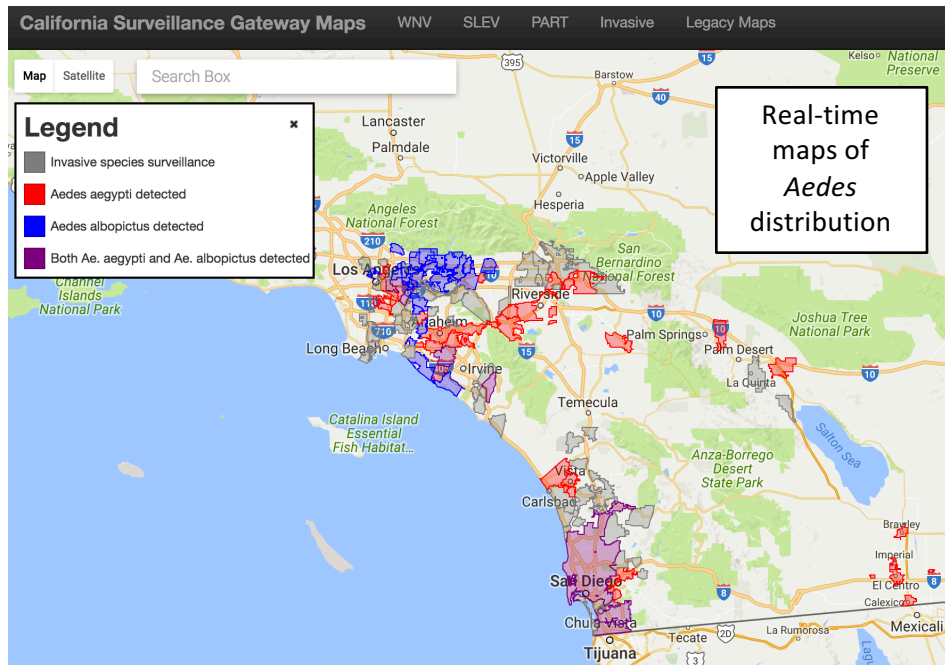


# Project Aims

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1. Develop distribution and suitability maps for *Ae. albopictus* and *Ae. aegypti* informed by near-real-time mosquito surveillance data and NASA and non-NASA earth observations.
2. Use maps derived from earth observations to drive generalizable stochastic models for mosquito dynamics and spread on real landscapes to guide surveillance and control.
3. Develop data-driven, dynamical dengue and chikungunya transmission models to predict human disease risk in space and time.
4. Link the risk maps and spread models to real-time surveillance data through integration into the existing CalSurv Gateway DSS.
5. Generalize models and DSS code for use by CDC and European partners.

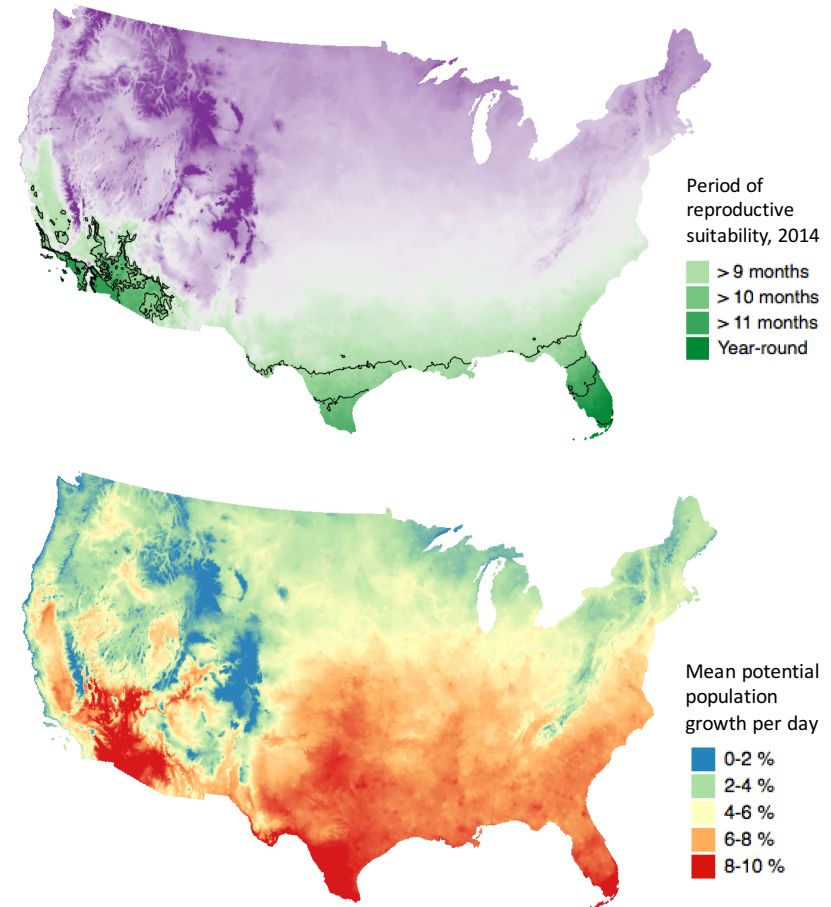
# Aim 1: Mapping Zika virus vectors



CalSurv → <http://maps.calsurv.org/invasive>

NASA products:  
NEX Global Daily Downscaled Climate Projections

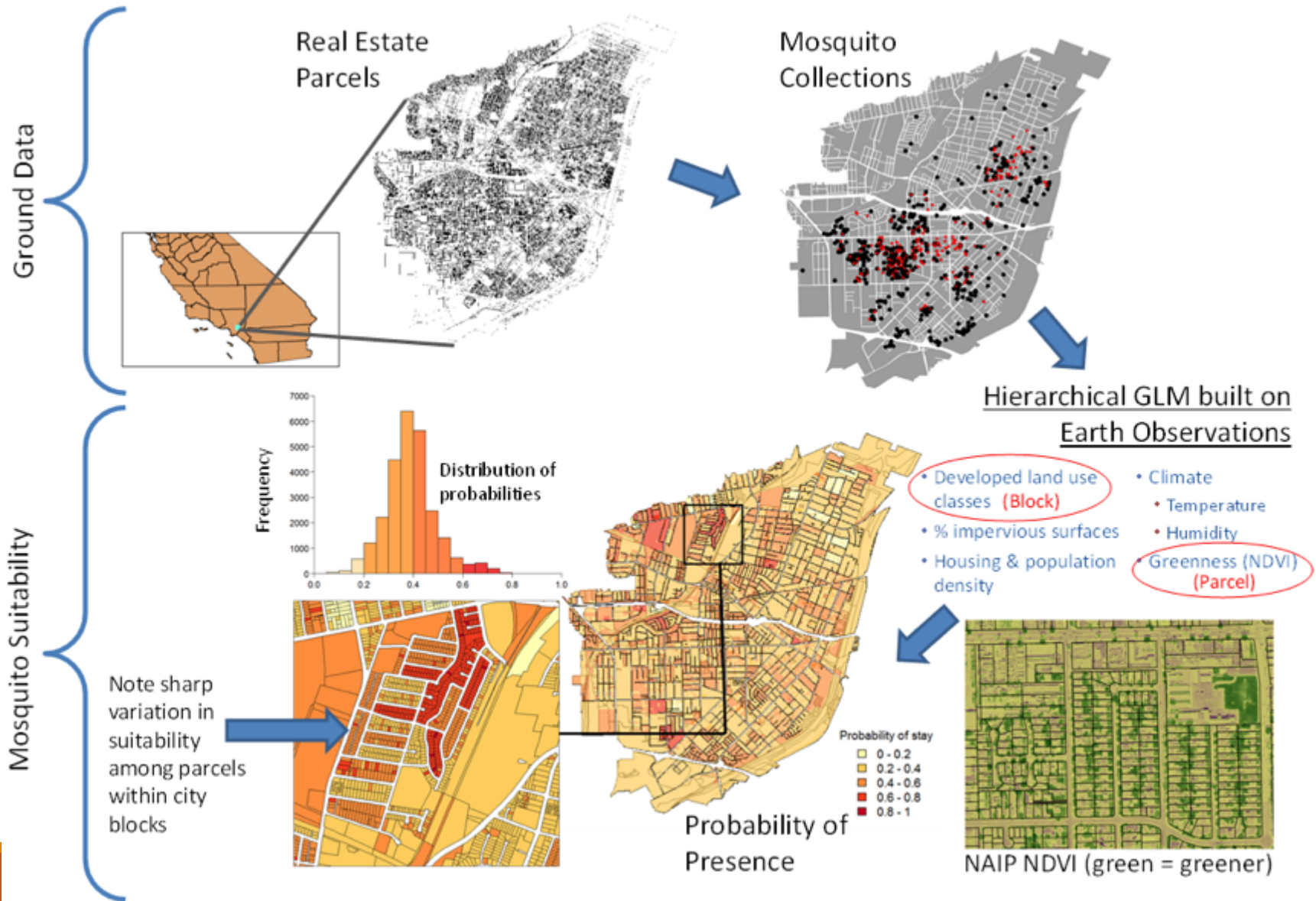
Donnelly MAP, Marcantonio M, Melton F, Barker CM. Seasonal reproductive rates for invasive *Aedes aegypti* and *Aedes albopictus* in the United States: past, present, and future. (*in prep*)



Climate-based suitability maps for  
Zika virus vectors  
(M Donnelly, PhD Dissertation)

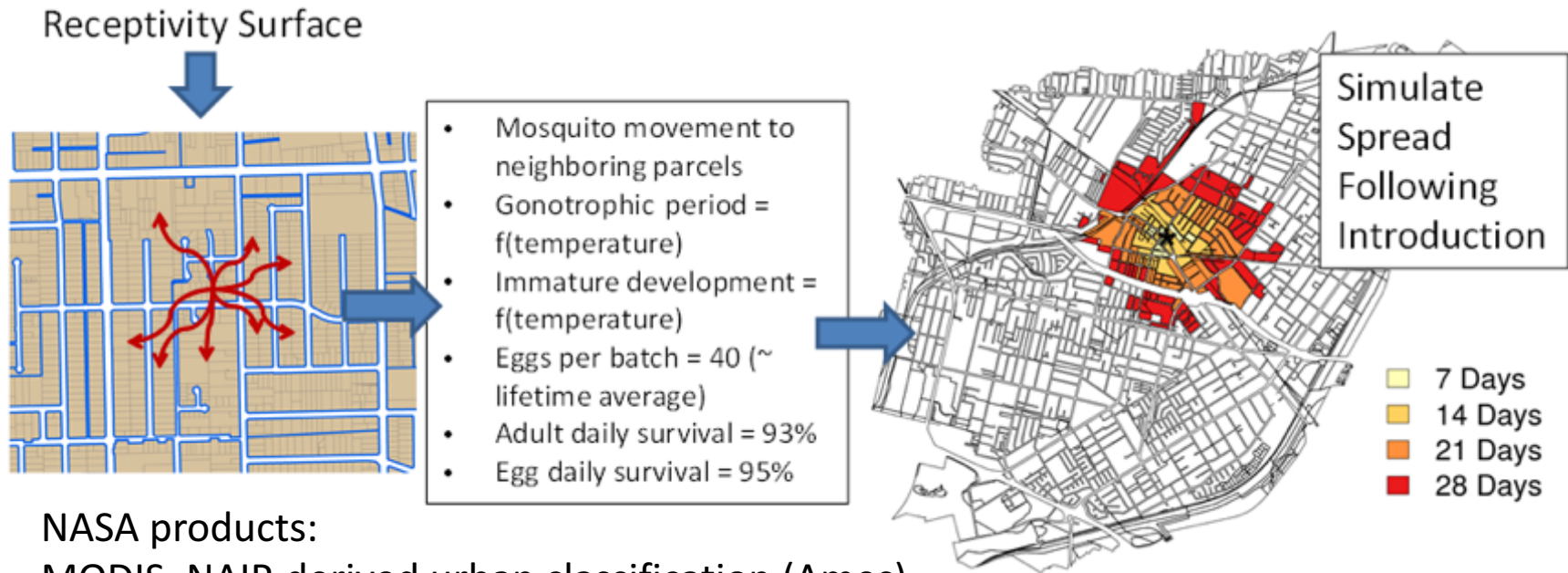


# Aim 2: Data-Based Estimates for Suitability of Households





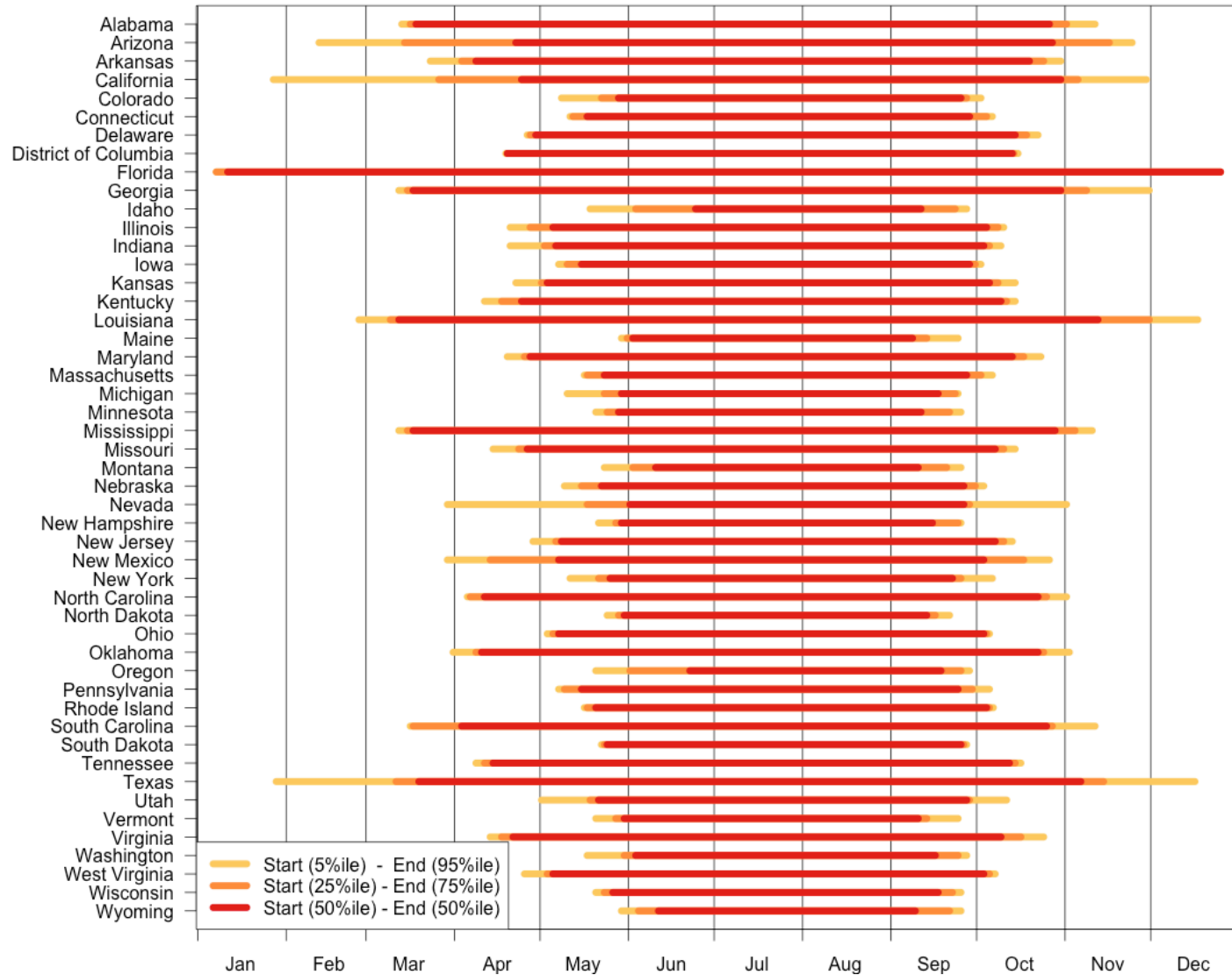
# Aim 2: Simulations of *Aedes* spread



NASA products:  
MODIS, NAIP-derived urban classification (Ames)

Montecino D, Marcantonio M, Perkins TA, Barker CM. **Modeling *Aedes albopictus* Skuse population dynamics and movement in urban landscapes.** (in prep)

# Aim 3: Zika Risk: Length of the *Ae. aegypti* season in the U.S.



# Aim 3: Risk for ZIKV outbreak in the U.S.?

**Madera County Mosquito Survey**

Date of Visit (mm/dd/yyyy): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Collection ID: \_\_\_\_\_ Occupant: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Telephone: \_\_\_\_\_

**Mosquito Collection (adults):**  
 Collector(s): \_\_\_\_\_ Estimated area of the house (ft<sup>2</sup>): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Collection duration (in minutes) for adults: Inside: \_\_\_\_\_ Outside: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Collection time (e.g., 3:30 pm): \_\_\_\_\_

**Human behavior:**  
 Number of people typically in the house:  
 Weekdays (Mon-Fri or other work days): \_\_\_\_\_ Weekends (Sat-Sun or other non-work days): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Day (8am-5pm): \_\_\_\_\_ Night (5pm-8am): \_\_\_\_\_ Day (8am-5pm): \_\_\_\_\_ Night (5pm-8am): \_\_\_\_\_

Total person-hours spent outdoors at the home:  
 Weekdays (Mon-Fri or other work days): \_\_\_\_\_ Weekends (Sat-Sun or other non-work days): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Day (8am-5pm): \_\_\_\_\_ Night (5pm-8am): \_\_\_\_\_ Day (8am-5pm): \_\_\_\_\_ Night (5pm-8am): \_\_\_\_\_

**Rooms:**  
 No. of rooms: \_\_\_\_\_  
 No. of windows: \_\_\_\_\_ No. of windows with intact screens: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Hours windows are open (e.g., 8-10am): Day: \_\_\_\_\_ Evening: \_\_\_\_\_ Non-work day: \_\_\_\_\_  
 No. of exterior doors: \_\_\_\_\_  
 No. of door openings during: Day: \_\_\_\_\_ Evening: \_\_\_\_\_ Non-work day: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Air-conditioning: ☐ None ☐ Central ☐ Window unit(s)

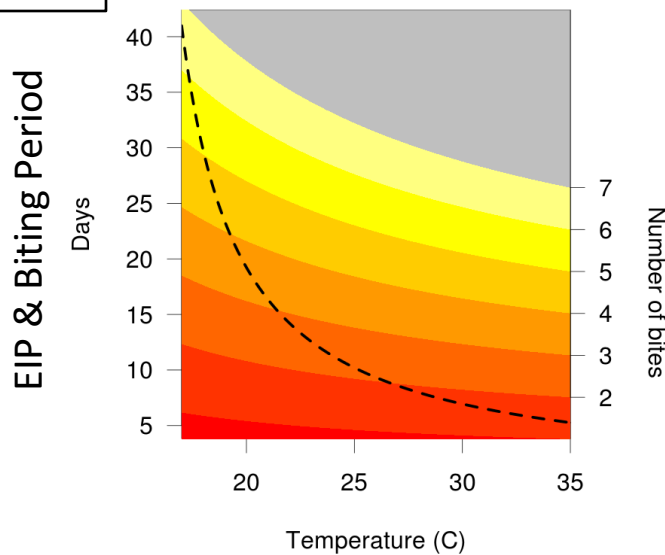
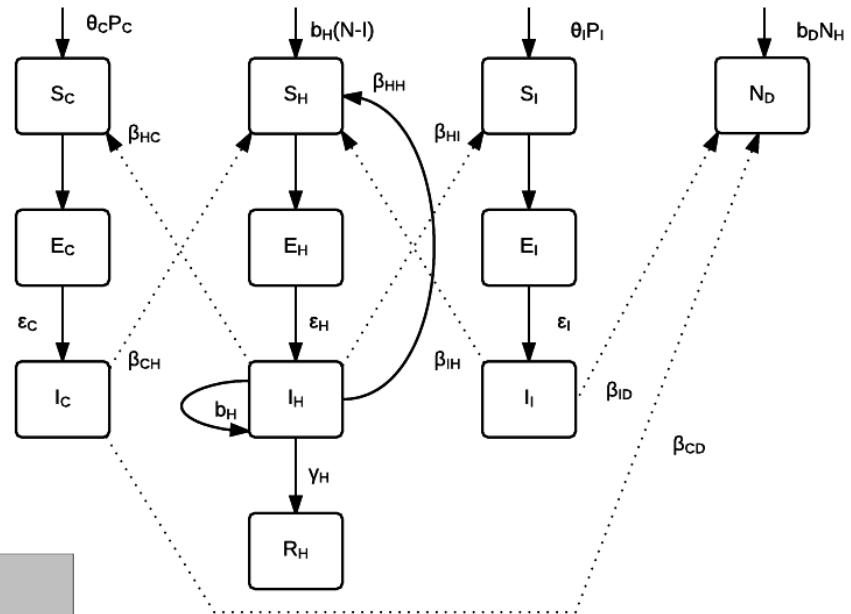
Do you store water? ☐ Yes ☐ No If yes: ☐ Indoors ☐ Outdoors

**Animals on the property:** ☐ No animals present

	Indoor	Outdoor
Dogs		
Cats		
Chickens		
Horses		
Other:		
Other:		
Other:		

Do you perform any mosquito control in your house at your own expense? ☐ Yes ☐ No  
 If yes, date of last application: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Type of control: \_\_\_\_\_

Lawn drains present? ☐ Yes ☐ No If Yes: ☐ Covered ☐ Uncovered  
 Number of adult Ae. aegypti found in lawn drain: Females: \_\_\_\_\_ Males: \_\_\_\_\_



# Next Steps (Yr 1.5-2.5)

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## Mechanistic Models

Models for *Ae. albopictus* and *Ae. aegypti* spread

- Use models to define efficient surveillance and control strategies
- Characterize effect of urban landscape structure on spread rates and establishment

Biologically-based suitability surfaces for surveillance decision support

Microhabitat temperatures (vs. MODIS)

## Modeling the observational process

Mapping for multiple data streams (NASA products: MODIS, GPM)

## Outbreak risk for Zika, dengue, and chikungunya viruses

U.S. (CDC & other collaborators) → California (CDPH, MVCAC)

## Budget, Years 1-2 (Mar 1, 2015 – Feb 29, 2017)

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UC Davis: \$778,441 (incl. \$107,526 Zika supplement)

Direct award to NASA Ames: \$122,026

Expenses through Aug 2016: \$374,774

Committed: \$260,061

Unallocated: \$143,606

### Changes:

Reiner move Indiana Univ to Univ of Washington

Add students Olivia Winokur, Courtney Shelley

Hiring post-doc for lab work to param. Zika models

### Risk:

Data contributions from stakeholders

Mitigate with regular reports on data gaps

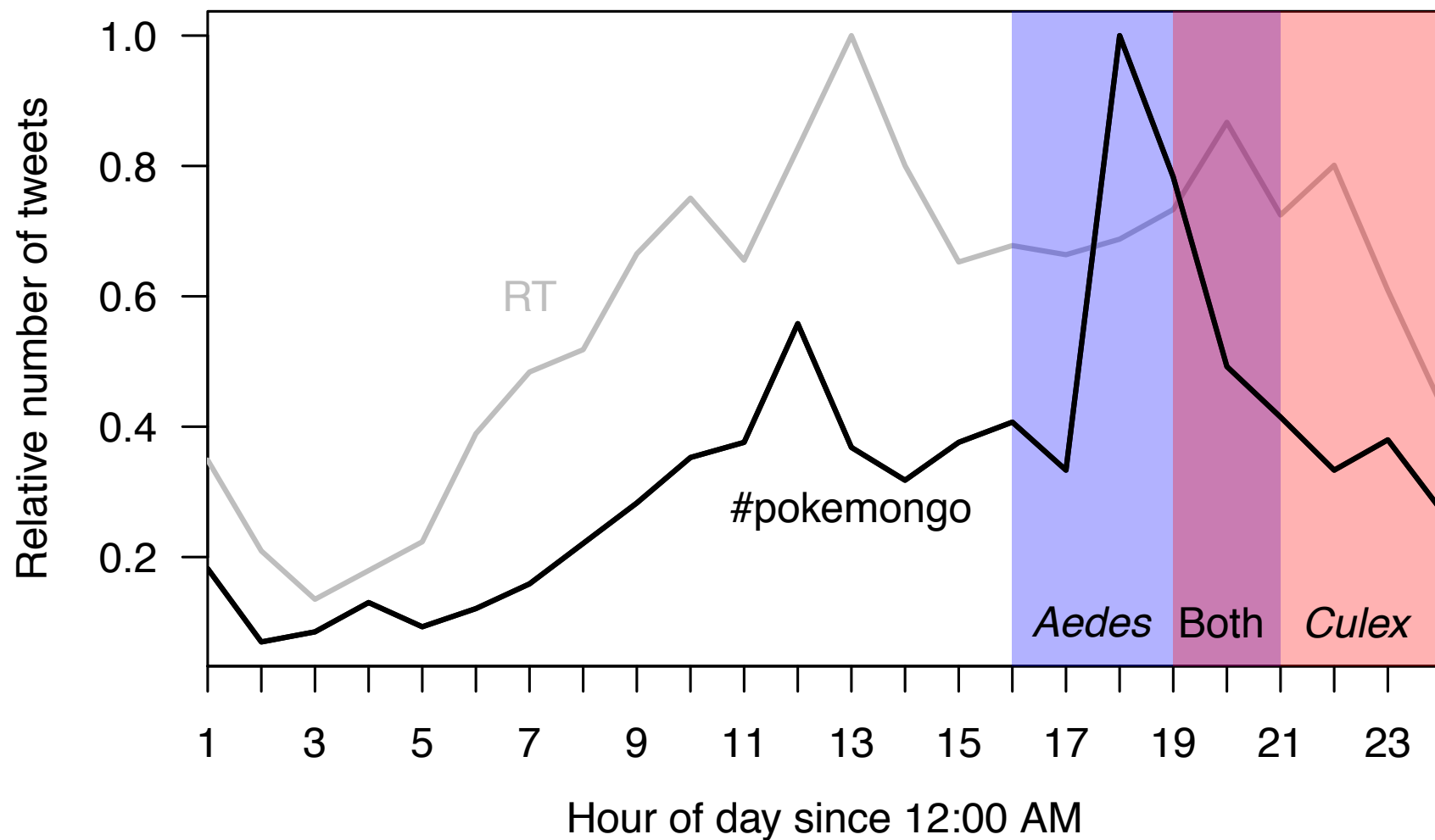


# Milestones & ARL Targets

Current ARL = 5  
(Aug 2016)



		Year 1				Year 2				Year 3			
Task	Qtr→	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
Initial Survey on CalSurv DSS Needs		X	X										
Aim 1: Map <i>Aedes</i> distribution and receptivity		X	X	P	X	X	P						
Aim 2: Map potential for <i>Ae. albopictus</i> & <i>Ae. aegypti</i> invasion & spread				X	X	X	P	X	X	P			
Aim 3: Develop DENV/CHIKV transmission models to estimate outbreak risk						X	X	X	P	X	X	P	
Aim 4: Implement tools in CalSurv DSS		Numbers below represent ARL targets											
A. <i>Aedes</i> distribution mapping				3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
B. <i>Aedes</i> spread simulator						3	4	5	6	7	8		
C. DENV/CHIK outbreak simulator								3	4	5	6	7	8
Aim 5: Generalize maps for US and S Europe													
D. <i>Aedes</i> distribution mapping						3	4	5	6	7	8	9	



Oidtman RJ, Christofferson RC, ten Bosch Q, Espana G, Kraemer MUG, Tatem AJ, Barker CM, Perkins TA. (resubmitted after revision) Pokémon Go and exposure to mosquito-borne diseases: how not to catch 'em all *PLoS Currents Outbreaks*